# Fire-Resistant and Fire-Prone Plants Common to Yavapai County

Defensible space landscape reduces the threat from wildfire and requires careful plant selection, placement, spacing and maintenance to help resist the spread of fire to your home. **Fire-resistant** plants are usually easier to maintain and more naturally resistant to igniting from flames and embers. These plants are NOT "fireproof" and all require irrigation and frequent maintenance to resist ignition. Some plants are particularly susceptible to fire. These **fire-prone plants** may ignite readily and burn intensely, and should be removed or aggressively maintained if present near a home, road or driveway. It's important to remember that ALL PLANTS can burn if poorly maintained. Following are some common Yavapai County fire-resistant plants (pg 1-2) and fire-prone plants (pg 3).

### **Fire-Resistant Plant Characteristics**

- \* Tend to have leaves, not needles
- \* Trees tend to be clean, not bushy and have little deadwood
- Shrubs are low-growing (2' or lower), minimal buildup of dead material

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\* Taller shrubs are clean, not bushy or twiggy

- \* Sap is water-like and typically does not have a strong odor
- \* Most fire-resistant trees are broad-leaf deciduous (lose leaves)
- \* Some thick-leaf evergreens may be fire-resistant

#### **Fire-Resistant Plants**

CONTRACT NAME

Form: C - Cover (groundcover) G - Grass P - Perennial S - Shrub T - Tree V - Vine

COMMON NAME	SPECIES	FORM	COMMON NAME	SPECIES	FORM
4 o'clock	Mirabilis jalapa	Р	Chuparosa	Justicia californica	S
Abelia	<i>Abelia</i> sp.	S	Citrus		Т
African bush daisy	Euryops pectinatus	Р	Clematis	Clematis sp.	V
Agapanthus	Agapanthus sp.	P	Coffee berry (CA buckthorn)	Frangula californica	S
Agave	<i>Agave</i> sp.	Р	Columbine	Aquilegia sp.	Р
Alder	Alnus sp.	T	Comfrey	Symphytum officinale	Р
Apache Plume	Fallugia	S	Coral Bells	Heuchera sp.	Р
Apples, Crabapple	Malus sp.	T	Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster sp.	S
Ash	Fraxinus sp.	T	Cottonwood	Populus sp.	Т
Aspen, Quaking	Populus tremuloides	Т	Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica	S, T
Azalea, Rhododendron	Rhododendron sp.	S	Currant, Gooseberry	Ribes sp.	Р
Bear Grass	Nolina microcarpa	Р	Cyclamen	Cyclamen sp.	Р
Birch	Betula sp.	Т	Daylily	Hemerocallis sp.	Р
Blue Fescue	Festuca sp.	G	Desert spoon	Dasylirion wheeleri	S
Blue Mist Shrub	Caryopteris clandonensis	S	Desert willow	Chilopsis linearis	Т
Boston Ivy, Virginia creeper	Parthenocissus sp.	V	Dogwood	Cornus sp.	S
Boxelder	Acer negundo	Т	Dusty Miller	Senecio cineraria	Р
Boxwood	Buxus sp.	S	Elderberry	Sambucus sp.	S
Buffalograss	Bouteloua dactyloides	G	Euonymus, Burning Bush	Euonymus sp.	S
Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleia</i> sp.	S	Fairy Duster	Calliandra sp.	Р
Cactus	Cactaceae sp.	Р	False Spirea	Astilbe sp.	Р
Carpet Bugle, Bugleweed	Ajuga sp.	С	Ferns	Many species	Р
Catalpa	Catalpa speciosa	Т	Fig	Fig	Т
Catnip, Catmint	Nepeta sp.	Р	Flax, Blue Flax	Linum sp.	Р
Chaste Tree	Vitex	Т	Forsythia	Forsythia	S
Chinese pistache	Pistachia chinensis	Т	Fruit (apples, pears, peaches, ch	erry)	Т
Chitalpa	X Chitalpa tashkentensis	Т	Germander	Teucrium sp.	P,C
Chocolate vine	Akebia sp.	V	Goldenrain tree	Koelreuteria paniculata	Ť
Choke cherry	Prunus virginiana	S	Grape	Vitis sp.	Р
Cholla	Opuntia	Р	Graythorn	Ziziphus obtusifolia	S
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# **Fire-Resistant Plants continued**

Form: C - Cover (groundcover) G - Grass P - Perennial S - Shrub T - Tree V - Vine

COMMON NAME	SPECIES	FORM	COMMON NAME	SPECIES	FORM
Hackberry	Celtis sp.	Т	Pear (ornamental)	Prunus sp.	Т
Hawthorn	Crataegus sp.	Т	Penstemon, Beard tongue	Penstemon sp.	Р
Heath	Erica sp.	S	Peony	Paeonia sp.	Р
Heather	Calliuna sp.	S	Photinia	Photinia .	S
Heavenly Bamboo	Nandina sp.	S	Plumbago	Ceratostigma plumbaginoides	С
Hens & Chicks	Echeveria sp.	Р	Potentilla, Cinquefoil	Potentilla sp.	S, C
Herbs	Many species	Р	Privet	Ligustrurn sp.	S
Holly	llex sp.	T, S	Purple leaf plum	Prunus sp.	S
Honey Locust	Gleditsia triacanthos	T	Quince	Chaenomeles sp.	Т
Honeysuckle	Lonicera	P, V	Red chokeberry	Aronia arbutifolia	S
Hosta	Hostas sp.	P	Red yucca	Hesperaloe	Р
Hummingbird Mint, Hyssop	Agastache sp.	Р	Redbud	Cercis sp.	Т
Hydrangea	Hydrangea sp.	Р	Red-hot-poker	Kniphofia uvaria	P
Hyssop	Hyssopus officinalis	Р	Rose of Sharon, Hibiscus	Hibiscus sp.	S
Ice plant	Mesembryanthemum sp.	P	Roses	Rosa sp.	S
Indian Hawthorn	Rhaphiolepis indica	S	Russian olive	Elaeagnus angustifolia	S
Indigo Bush	Dalea sp.	P	Sage	Salvia sp.	P
Iris	Iris sp.	Р	Sago palm	Cycas revoluta	T
Japanese Spurge	Pachysandra terminalis	C	Sedum (stonecrop)	Sedum	P, C
Joe Pye Weed	Eupatorium	С	Serviceberrry	Amelancier sp.	s S
Jojoba	Simmondsia chinensis	T	·	' '	P
Jujube	Ziziphus jujuba	T	Shasta daisy Silktassel	Leucanthemum x superbum	
Lamb's ear	Stachys byzantina	P		Garrya wrightii	S
Lavender		P, S	Silver lace vine	Polygonum aubertii	V
	Lavandula sp.		Silverberry	Elaeagnus	S
Lavender Cotton	Santolina sp.	P, S	Smoke tree	Cotinus coggygria	S
Lawn grasses - typical turf type	Dhoraga	G	Snowberry	Symphoricarpos albus	S
Lemonade berry, 3-leaf sumac	Rhus sp.	S	Snow-in-summer	Cerastium tomentosum	С
Lenten rose	Helleborus sp.	Р	Spirea	<i>Spiraea</i> sp.	S
Lilac	Syringa sp.	S	Spotted deadnettle	Lamiun sp.	С
Lilyturf	Liriope sp.	С	Spurge, Gopher Plant	Euphorbia sp.	Р
Littleleaf Cordia	Cordia parvifolia	S	Sugar bush	Rhus ovata	S
Locust trees	Robinia sp.	Т	Sweet acacia	Vachellia farnesiana	Т
London Plane	Platanus acerifolia	Т	Sweet Woodruff	Galium odoratum	С
Magnolia	Magnolia sp.	T	Sycamore, American	Platanus occidentalis	Т
Maidenhair tree	Gingko biloba	Т	Texas ebony	Pithecellobium flexicaulae	Т
Maple, Boxelder	Acer sp.	Т	Texas mountain laurel	Sophora secuniflora	Т
Mesquite	Prosopis sp.	Т	Trumpet vine	Campsis radicans	V
Mexican evening primrose	Oenothera	Р	Viburnum	Viburnum sp.	S
Milkweed, Butterfly weed	Asclepias sp.	Р	Vinca, Periwinkle	Vinca sp.	С
Mimosa	Albizia sp.	T	Walnut, black	Juglans nigra	Т
Mock orange	Philadelphus sp.	S	Western soapberry	Sapindus saponaria	T
Mormon tea	Ephedra sp.	S	Willow	<i>Salix</i> sp.	T
Mouintain mahogany	Cercocarpus sp.	S	Winter jasmine	Jasminum nudiflorum	Р
Mulberry	Morus sp.	Т	Winterfat	Eurotia lanata	S
New Mexico privet	Forestieria neomexicana	Т	Wisteria	Wisteria sp.	V
Oak	Quercus sp.	Т	Wormwood, Powis castle	Artemisia sp.	Р
Ocotillo	Foqueria splenduns	S	Yarrow	Achillea sp.	Р
Oleander	Nerium oleander	S	Yellow bird of paradise	Caesalpinia gilliesii	S
Oregon Grape, Mahonia, Barberry	Berberis sp.	S	Yucca	Yucca	P, S
oregon Grape, manorna, barberry	Белбеліз эр.	•	Tuccu	74664	٠,

Deciduous trees are generally more fire-resistant than evergreens because they have higher moisture content when in leaf and a lower fuel volume when dormant, and typically do not contain flammable oils.

## **Fire-Prone Plant Characteristics**

- \* Often blade-leaf or needle-leaf evergreens or grasses
- \* Often have stiff, woody small or fine, lacy leaves
- \* Leaves and wood often contain volatile waxes, fats, terpenes or oils (crushed leaves will have strong odors)
- \* Sap is usually gummy, resinous and may have a strong odor
- \* Usually contain plentiful fine, twiggy, dry or dead materials
- \* May have pubescent (hair covered) leaves
- \* May have loose or papery bark
- \* Usually flame (not smolder) when ignited with a match

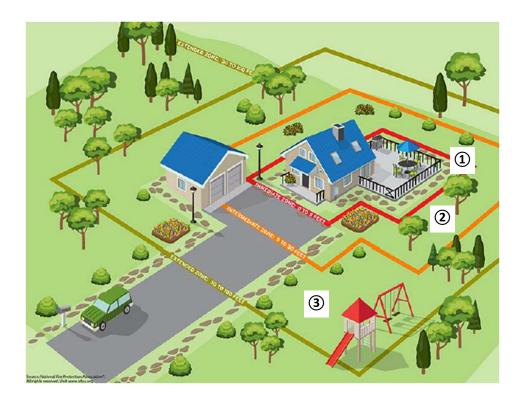
#### **Fire-Prone Plants**

Form: C - Cover (groundcover) G - Grass P - Perennial S - Shrub T - Tree V - Vine

COMMON NAME	SPECIES	FORM
Arborvitae	Thuja, Platycladus	T, S
Arizona Cypress	Cupressus arizonica	Т
Bamboo	Bambusa sp.	G
Brittlebush	Encelia farinosa	Р
Broom	Cytisus sp.	S
Buckwheat	Eriogonum sp.	Р
Catclaw acacia	Acacia greggii	S
Cedar	Cedrus sp.	Т
Cheatgrass	Bromus tectorum	G
Creosote Bush	Larrea tridentata	S
Cypress	Cupressus sp.	Т
Deerbrush	Ceanothus sp.	S
Deergrass	Muhlenbergia rigens	G
Desert broom	Baccharis sathroides	S
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Т
Eucaltyptus	Eucalyptus sp.	Т
Feather Reed Grass	Calamagrostis sp.	G
Fir	Abies sp.	Т
Firethorn	Pyracantha sp.	S
Fountain grass	Pennisetum alopecuroides	G
Globe Thistle	Echinops ritro	Р
Juniper	Juniperus sp.	S
Little bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	G
Maiden grass	Miscanthus sinensis	G
Manzanita	Archostaphylos sp.	S
Ornamental grasses - most		G

COMMON NAME	SPECIES	FORM
Palo Verde	Parkinsonia aculeata	Т
Pampus grass	Cortaderia selloana	G
Pine	Pinus sp.	S, T
Pinion	Pinion	Т
Rabbit brush	Chrysothamnus sp.	S
Red brome	Bromus rubens	G
Rosemary	Rosmarinus officialis	Р
Rubber rabbitbrush	Ericameria nauseosa	S
Russian sage	Perovskia	S
Salt cedar	Tamarix chinensis	Т
Saltbush	Atriplex	S
Shrub live oak	Quercus turbinella	S
Siberian Elm	Ulmus pumila	Т
Snakeweed	Gutierrezia sarothrae	S
Spanish broom	Spartium	Р
Spruce	Picea sp.	Т
Squirreltail grass	Elymus elymoides	G
Star Thistle	Centaurea solstitialis	Р
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	Т
Switch grass	Panicu virgatum	G
Texas sage	Leucophyllum sp.	Р
Turpentine bush	Ericarmeria laricifolia	S
Weeping love grass	Eragrostus curvula	G
Yellow bluestem	Bothriochloa ischaemum	G
Yew	Taxus sp.	S
Yew pine	Podocarpus macrophyllus	Τ

Many natives are fire-prone, and some depend on fire to reproduce. Native trees should be maintained free of dead material, with no limbs within 6'-10' of the ground, and clear of shrubs beneath the canopy. Other fire-prone natives should be maintained in isolated stands more than 30' from structures.



- (1) Immediate zone within 0 to 5 feet from the furthest attached exterior point of the home, defined as a non-combustible area of a structure. Choose high moisture, non coniferous ground covers or fire-resistant perennials, annual flowers or lawn type grasses.
- 2 Intermediate zone from 5 to 30 feet from the furthest exterior point of the home. Choose fire-resistant shrubs & trees. Plant with spacing between (18 ft between crowns), not large masses, and maintain them with adequate water and trimming to avoid dead buildup.
- **3** Extended zone from 30 to 100 feet of a structure, OK to use fire-prone plants in small, irregular clusters, breaking up continuity with decorative rock or stepping stones. Tree canopies should be spaced at least 6 feet apart.

## Note:

Fire-resistant plants are not necessarily drought tolerant and drought tolerant plants may not be firewise. For example, drought tolerant plants may not be appropriate for the immediate (0 - 5ft).

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